$\qquad$ Date $\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Dontcha Give Me No Static Quiz

1. What is the net charge of an object that is an induced dipole?
2. The charge of a proton would be measured in $\qquad$ .

T or F. 3. The gravitational constant (G) is a larger number than k (the electrical constant).
T or F. 4. Electrical force depends on the mass and the distance between the 2 objects.
5-6. Protons would $\qquad$ another proton, but it would $\qquad$ a neutron.

T or F. 7. The strength of the charge of a proton is (the same, bigger than, smaller) the charge of an electron.
T or F. 8. Lightning is an example of electrostatics.

9-10. If a charged object causes a neutral object to become a(n) $\qquad$ , then electrostatic
$\qquad$ has occurred.
11. The force that causes the reactions of chemistry is the $\qquad$ .
12. Where are the negatively charged particles found in the atom?
13. If an electron moves 5 times as far from a proton, how does the electrical force between them change?
14. Name one way that gravity is different than electricity.

Word Bank - some of the answers are found below.

| $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | transfer | repel | protons | $\mathrm{Fe}_{\mathrm{e}}$ | coulombs |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| dipole | neutrons | electrons | $\mu \mathrm{C}$ | induction | attract |
| electricity |  |  |  |  |  |

Name $\qquad$ Date $\qquad$ Period $\qquad$

## Dontcha Give $\mathfrak{M}$ e $\mathfrak{N o}$ Static Quiz

1. The force that causes the reactions of chemistry is the $\qquad$ .
2. What is the net charge of an object that is an induced dipole?
3. The charge of a proton would be measured in $\qquad$ .

T or F. 4. Electrical force depends on the mass and the distance between the 2 objects.
5-6. Protons would $\qquad$ another proton, but it would $\qquad$ a neutron.
7. If an electron moves 5 times as far from a proton, how does the electrical force between them change?

T or F. 8. The gravitational constant (G) is a larger number than k (the electrical constant).
9-10. If a charged object causes a neutral object to become a(n) $\qquad$ , then electrostatic
$\qquad$ has occurred.
11. Name one way that gravity is different than electricity.

T or F. 12. The strength of the charge of a proton is (the same, bigger than, smaller) the charge of an electron.
13. Where are the negatively charged particles found in the atom?

T or F. 14. Lightning is an example of electrostatics.

Word Bank - some of the answers are found below.

| $\mathrm{Fg}_{\mathrm{g}}$ | transfer | repel | protons | $\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{e}}$ | coulombs |
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